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THE Caledonian Mercury,

BEING

A ſhort Account of the moſt conſiderable News, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Edinburgh, Thurſday May 17, 1722.

From the Evening Poſt, May 12th.

This Day we had a Mail from Holland.

Copenhagen, May 12.

ORders are come from the King of Denmark for the Troops to be ready to march at a Minute's Warning, an Encampment of 16000 Men being ſhortly to be formed. We ſtill go on with the Equipment of more Men of War.

Hamburgh, May 15. Letters from Saxony adviſe, That upon the Arrival of an Expreſs from Poland, the King returned immediately to Leipſick from Dreſden, deſigning to go forthwith to Warſaw. Mean-while all the Saxon Troops have repeted Orders to be ready for marching, becauſe the Ruſſians are in Motion on the Borders of Livonia and Lithuania. Moreover 'tis thought at the Court of Dreſden, that the Report of the intended Journey of the Czar to Aſtracan, is only artfully ſpread to cover ſome real Deſign; wherefore the new Levies in Saxony are haſtened as much as poſſible.

Florence, April 28. 'Tis confidently reported, That the Duke of Parma ſolicites our Court to conſent to the Coming of the Infant Don Carlos to Italy, in order to his being brought up after the Way of this Country. We hear alſo that the Emperor has ſent ſome Troops into the Luiguiano, under Pretence that it was done at the Requeſt of the Marquis de Maleſpina; but the real Deſign is to ſeize upon Treſchetta, and oppoſe the Landing of the Spaniſh Troops in the Gulph del Specie.

From

From the Whitehall Evening Poſt, May 10.

Vienna, May 2. Count Konigseck, will be appointed Governour of the Auſtrian Netherlands, in the Room of the Marquis de Prie The Propoſals made by the King of Sardinia to reſign that Iſland to the Emperor, upon certain Conditions, will hardly be accepted by this Court.

Dantzick, May 25. The Duke of Mecklenburg, who is ſtill here, received lately a Letter writ by the Czar himſelf, the Contents of which ſo diſpleaſed him, that as ſome will have it, he deſigns to ſubmit to the Imperial Mandates, and agree with the Nobility of his Country; but this News is not much credited, becauſe there is certain Advice from Moſcow, That his Czarian Majeſty perſiſts in the Reſolution of encouraging the aforeſaid Duke, be the Event what it will; ſo it is more than probable, that a conſiderable Body of Ruſſians will Attempt to penetrate through Poliſh Pruſſia into Mecklenburg.

Cambray, May 3. The time for opening the Congreſs is not yet fixed. Laſt Wedneſday a Courier arrived here from Vienna, who having delivered ſome Letters to the Imperial Miniſters, proceeded immediately with Important Diſpatches for London.

Paris, May 8. We hear from Italy, That the Imperialiſts are preparing vaſt Magazines on the Frontiers of Tuſcany, Parma, and Modena. The new Levies in Sicily, for the Emperor's Service go on ſlowly, becauſe the Natives are apprehenſive that the new Regiments intended to be formed there, will be ſent to Hungary.

Leghorn, April 25. There is Advice from Gibraltar, That the Governour of that Town obliges all Ships that come into that Bay, to perform Quarantain, much in the ſame Manner as is practiſed in the Spaniſh Harbours.

From the Flying Poſt, May 10.

Petersburg, April 15. The Engineers, whom the Emperor ſent to Siberia, in queſt of ſome Gold Mines, being returned from thence, ſay, That after they had paſſed the Mountains of Georgia, they attempted to make their Way to very South of the River Dona, but they were hindered by the Craggy Rocks, ſo that after a Voyage of 4 Weeks, they were obliged to return to Toboski. They add that they did obſerve ſome Gold Mines in thoſe Parts, and Abundance of Gold Sand in the River Dona, upon this the Emperor is reſolved to ſend ſome Ships by the Caſpian Sea towards the Mouth of that River, with the neceſſary Materials for building a Fort.

Stockholm, April 29. Yeſterday the King entering into the 48th Year of his Age, was complemented thereupon by the Nobility and foreign Miniſters. On Monday the Ruſſian Miniſter had an private Audience of his Majeſty, when he notified his Maſters new Title, and deſired that it might be owned by his Swediſh Majeſty, but we do not know what has been reſolved.

London, May 10. The Government omits nothing to put us in a State of perfect Security againſt the threatened Diſturbance, whether it be from Abroad or at Home; therefore all the Officers of the Army are ordered to their reſpective Poſts on pain of being caſheerd. Three Men

out

out of each Company of Foot are ordered for the Tower, and to stay there 15 Days. Six Regiments of Foot are sent for from Ireland; and all the Forces near London are ordered to come to Town upon the first Notice. But what is more comfortable Security than all, is his Majesty's happy Presence, during which, his Enemies cannot have the least Hopes of giving any considerable Disturbance to his own just Right and Title, or to the Liberties and Possessions of his Subjects.

From the St. James's Evening Post, May 12.

Hague, May 15. N. S. The Squadron of this State, designed to cruize against the Algerines, is to set Sail, under the Command of Mynheer Van Grave, Rear Admiral, who hath Orders to winter in some of the Ports of Spain or Portugal: for this End, their High Mightinesses will write to the said Courts, desiring them to grant all necessary Assistance and Support, which hath been already offered on the Part of his Catholick Majesty.

The last Letters from Cambray begin to flatter us, that the Negociations of Peace will at last be opened in Form. The Count de St. Estevan, and the Marquis Beretti Landi say, they have received positive Orders, to open the Conferences as soon as the Plenipotentiaries of the other Powers engaged in the quadruple Alliance are furnished with Instructions necessary to that End, so that the farther Delay of the Congress must by no Means be charged at their Door: The Emperor's Minister would fain have those of Spain put this Declaration into Writing, but they decline to do that, as having no Orders of their Court to bear them out. Upon the Arrival of my Lord Whitworth, who is by this Time set out from Berlin, we shall hear whether the Spanish Plenipotentiaries have any such Orders or not; for 'tis universally expected the Congress will then be opened.

Vienna. May 6. This Court has sent Orders to reinforce the Garrison of Orbitello, and other Places on the Coast of Tuscany, belonging to the Emperor. The famous Jewish Banker Appenheim, has lately hang'd himself, for a Loss he has sustained by a Process at Law.

Moscow, May 13. The Departure of their Czarish Majesties for Astracan, is fixed for the 15th of the next Month, whether they are to proceed by Water, accompanied by Prince Galliczin, and Count Apraxin.

London, May 12. The following Guard Ships are ordered to be fitted out, to get their Compliment of Men and Guns, and to put to Sea with all Expedition, viz. The Bendah, Nassaw, Jersey, Yarmouth and Deptford.

His Excellancy Baron Sparr, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of Sweden to this Court, is preparing to return home.

From the Evening Post, May 12.

Hague, May 17. They write from Cambray, that the Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor, have again declared, that if the Congress doth not take Place within the Space of a Month, they have orders to return Home. Horatio Walpole is arrived here.

Hanover, April 2. Prince Fredrick went Yesterday to Herenhausen, there to spend the whole Summer. On the 12th Instant Count Rantzaw, was by Order of the King of Denmark, taken up at Pinneburg, and carried to the Prison of Rensburgh.

Constantinople, April 2. Vast Preparations of War are making here, both by Sea and Land, the Janisaries are kept in Readiness for marching at a Minute Warning; but the Grand Vizier so artfully conceals his Designs,

Designs, that 'tis not possible to find out what he aims at: Mean-while Prince Ragotski is much caressed at this Court, and besides several Presents which he daily receives, had lately 100 Purses of Money given him for defraying his Expences.

Wye's Letter, verbatim, May 12th, 1722.

THE Author of the London Journal of this Day amongst other Observations upon Affairs of Government, says, he has heard of a Court some where abroad, which having asked upon a particular Occasion 400000 *l.* of the States, found Ways and Means of stretching that Sum to two Millions, and it was observed of the same Court, that it had the Art of raising Mole-hills into Mountains, and of sinking Mountains into Mole-hills, of disbanding Armies without breaking them, of encreasing Debts by the Means of paying them, of being engaged in an expensive War during a profound Peace, of purchasing for the Country at a very vast Charge, Advantages which the Country never Reapt, nor saw; in fine, after many other the like Feats, of obtaining by any Arret of Security, Remission for all their past Faults without owning any, and yet going on to commit more: But as the Author very well says, these Things concern us not, and that he only brings them as Examples like other Stories of Greece and Rome, and hopes we shall never fall into the like Misfortunes and Mismanagement our selves.

We do not yet hear of any Person to be taken up; mean-time some People take too great Liberty in their Discourses concerning the Plot; for sure it must be otherwise than what these People imagine, or else his Majesty would never have used such great and extraordinary Precautions as the Forming of Camps, *&c.* which tend to create Fears, and to discourage Trade and publick Credit.

'Tis reported that the King has laid aside his Intentions of going this Summer to Hanover, and that his Majesty designs to make a Journey to Salisbury to review the Army. That the Duke of Wharton and several Persons of Distinction dined Yesterday with Colonel Pit in his Tent in Hide Park, where the blue Regiment of Horse, and Cobham's Regiment of Dragoons, are to encamp: And that great Quantities of Accoutrements and other Necessaries, are preparing to be sent to the Forces in Scotland.

Orders are sent to all the Sea Ports, for the Custom-house Officers to make diligent Search and Inquiry of all Persons going or coming from beyond Sea. 'Tis said an ancient Gentleman was seized Yesterday at Gravesend, with some Letters writ in Cyphers; what great Matters can be discovered from them, we know not, but after being examined by the Secretary of State, he was committed into the Hands of a Messenger.

Yesterday the Lieutenancy of the City of London, receiving his Majesty's Orders for every Commission-officer to search the Habitations of all Persons within their Bounds, for Arms and Horses belonging to Papists and disaffected Persons, with Power to them to break any Door whatsoever; the same was accordingly put in Execution last Night, but we do not hear of any Arms being seized; only that some Houses were suspected in the Inns about White Chapel.

The Lieutenancy of the County of Middlesex met this Day at the Duke of Newcastle's House, and received the same Orders with these above mentioned; and we hear, that an Account of what Horses and Arms shall be seized, is to be given in to the Government by Thursday next.

Yesterday was published the Proclamation, for putting the Laws in Execution against Papists and Non-jurors; also for putting in Execution the Laws against Riots and Rioters.

The same Day the Houshold Goods and Plate of Jacob Sawbridge and William Tyllyard, two of the late Directors, were sold by Auction at the South Sea House; those of the former, which were the Furniture of his House at Hackney, containing 13 Rooms off a Floor, were exceeding rich, his Plate in particular was sold at 6 *sh.* 4 *d. per* Ounce, which is a very great Price; but it seems the Purchasers were desirous of having something in their Possession, which should always put them in Remembrance of the Authors of their Misfortunes. It was remarkable yesterday, that upon the Trials of Hawkins and Simpson, who were convicted of robbing the Bristol Mail, they procured many to swear to their Reputation, when there were near 20 Persons whom they had robbed present in the Court. On the 23d past the Court of Spain ordered the Communication with Gibraltar to be opened: Some Persons suspect, that the Report of the Czar's Journey to Astracan, is only an Artifice to cover his real Design.

The Marquisses of Graham and Beaumont are created Peers of Great Britain, the former by the Title of Earl of Belford, and the other of Wakefield. A Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against William Greitson and Robert Gordon of London Merchants. South Sea 86.

State

State of the Barons of the Shire or County of *Roſs*, at the Elections the 28th Day of *April*, 1722, including the whole Number of Barons of that Shire.

Charles Roſs of *Belnagown*, Candidate.	*Alexander Urqhart* of *Newhall* Candidate.
Malcolm Roſs of Pitcalny.	Sir Kenneth M'Kenzie of Scatwall.
William Roſs of Auldy.	Rod. M'Kenzie *younger of* Scatwall.
David Roſs of Inverealsly.	Mr. Simon M'Kenzie of Allangrange.
John Roſs of Invercharron.	Alexander M'Kenzie of Garlock.
Alexander Roſs of Ankervile.	Sir Colin M'Kenzie of Coul.
Charles Roſs of Evy.	Rod. M'Kenzie of Redcaſtle.
Hugh Roſs of Kilravock.	Rod. M'Kenzie *younger of* Redcaſtle.
David Roſs of Kindeaſs.	Kenneth M'Kenzie of Suddy.
Donald M'Cloud of Gueniet.	Donald M'Kenzie of Kilcoy.
James Fraſer of Auchnagairn.	Sir William Gordon of Invergordon.
M'Culloch of Piltoun.	Adam Gordon of Dalfolly.
Sir Robert Monro of Fowlis.	Sir James Sinclair of Dumbeth.
Robert Monro younger of Fowlis.	Kenneth Baine of Tulloch.
George Monro of Newmore.	Captain David Roſs of Daan.
Andrew Monro of Weſtertown.	Hector Monro of Novarr.
George Monro of Culcairn.	Alexander Forreſter of Cullenauld.
	John Leſly of Findraſſie.

Barons of the Shire of *Roſs* abſent from this Election.

George Monro of Culraine.
Sir Kenneth M'Kenzie of Cromarty.
Sir James M'Kenzie of Royſtoun.
William M'Kenzie of Balmaduthie.
M'Kenzie *younger of* Balmaduthie.
Mr. George M'Kenzie of Incheulter.
Alexander M'Kenzie of Ballone.
Alexander M'Kenzie of Davachcarrie.

The attainted Barons not included.

WHereas there was in our laſt and to day is inſert, a State of the Barons of the Shire or County of *Roſs* at the late Electing of a Member of Parliament; by which the Number of Barons in the Column with GENERAL Ross are Seventeen, and thoſe in the Column with Captain *Urquhart* are Eighteen, making in all Thretty five Barons preſent. Now we have other Advices, Affirming, That the Number of the whole Barons on the Roll duely qualified, were no more than Thretty one; at the Time, when the Barons who were for Captain *Urquhart*, did ſeparate from the Meeting; and of the Thretty one, remained Eighteen, who were for GENERAL ROSS. In the laid State there is ommitted one Baron for GENERAL ROSS who was on the Rolls and preſent: But on the other Side, Placed Two Baron as preſent, who were abſent, and three not on the Rolls, as not being duely qualified to elect.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Juſt publiſhed.

THE *Scottiſh Behemoth* diſſected, in a Letter to Mr. *Robert Widdrow*, concerning the publiſhing of the Sufferings of the Church of *Scotland*, from the Revolution 1637, to the happy Reſtoration of King CHARLES II. 1660 and from the Revolution 1688, to the Year 1694; wherein the Methods the Fanaticks fell upon to ruin both Church and Kingdom, in that Period, are fairly laid down. To be ſold by *Alexander Davidſon* Bookſeller in the *Parliament Houſe*, and at moſt of the Bookſellers Shops in Town; and at *London* by *George Strachan* Bookſeller at *Inverneſs*, by Mr. *John Hatmaker* at *Aberdeen*, by *Robert Farquhar* Bookſeller, and at *Glaſgow*, by *John Herbertſon* Junior, Merchant, and at *Perth*, by *Robert Conqueror*. Subſcriptions to the Hiſtory are taken in by the ſaids Perſons at the ſaid Places. And on *Monday* next will be publiſhed QUERIES to the Preſbyterians of *Scotland*, whereunto a Satisfactory Anſwer is humbly deſired, Written by a Scots Gentleman. Mathew 15. 9. *But in vain do they Worſhip me, teaching for Doctrines, the Commandements of Men.* To be ſold at *Alexander Davidſon's* Printing Houſe in the *Old Poſt-Houſe Cloſs*, a little above the *Croſs*.

THere is juſt now come home, a Parcel of good *Lemons* and bitter China Oranges, good Spaniſh Nuts, French Rennets and red Herring, and to be ſold at reaſonable Rates by *Archibald Shiel*, at his Houſe in the *Covenant Cloſs* in *Edinburgh*, at his Loft in the *Rottenraw* at *Lieth*.

The

†*† The Lands and Barony of Enſterfield, comprehending the Lands of Windmilnhill, Eaſt Miln, Miln, Miln Lands and others, with the third Part of the Lands of Gellethis, near the Burgh of Dumfermling, lying within the Parochine thereof, and Sheriffdome of Fife, belonging to Philip Anſtruther now of Enſterfield, paying of yearly Rent 178 Bolls Bear, 102 Bolls weighted Meal, at eight Stone *per* Boll, 38 Bolls 2 Firlots Oats, and 8 Bolls grind Malt, and 1000 Merks Money Rent, with a fine large Houſe, Office-houſes, Gardens and Orchyeards, two Dovecoats, Planting, Parks, Meadows, and about 13 or 14 Dozen of Kain, and other Conveniencies, are to be expoſed to voluntar Roup and Sale, upon Friday the 22d of June next, in the Houſe of Patrick Herdman Vintner in Edinburgh, over againſt the Parliament Cloſs, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon: The Rental of the ſaid Eſtate and Deductions therefrom, with the Conditions of Roup, are to be ſeen in the Hands of John Lumiſden Writer to the Signet, at his writing Chamber in Miln's Square, oppoſite to the Tron Church. As alſo, that there are two Lodgings, being the fourth and fifth Stories of the great Stone Land at the Head of Gray's Cloſs, on the South Side of the Street of Edinburgh, belonging to the ſaid Philip Anſtruther, and paying both of yearly Rent 21 L. Sterling, are alſo to be expoſed to voluntar Roup, upon Tueſday the 26th of the ſaid Month of June next, in the foreſaid Houſe and Time.

THat the two Fairs formerly holden at *Edgerſtoun-rink* (belonging to Sir *John Rutherford* of that Ilk) in the Shire of *Roxburgh*, five Miles to the Southward of *Jedburgh*, are to be renewed this Year, whereof the firſt begins the 5 Day of *July* next, and the other the Day of *October* thereafter and will continue to be holden the ſaid Days yearly in time coming; where will be ſold all ſorts of Horſe, Nolt, Sheep, &c. And due Encouragement given to all ſuch as intends to Trade and Reſort there.

THat the Houſe of Caſſingray, lying in the Pariſh of Carnbie, in the Eaſt End of the Shire of Fife, conſiſting of ſix Fire Rooms, with a Kitchin, Cellars and other Conveniencies, Barns and Stable lofted, with ſlait Roofs, and other Offices, with a large Orchyeard and Parks, which will ſow betwixt 25 and 30 Bolls Oats, a good Dovecat, 16 Dozen of Rain Fowls, and 40 Sheeps Graſs, are to be ſet by Thomas Bethune of Tarvit, againſt the Term of Martimaſs next. Any Perſon who incline to take the ſame, may call for Tarvit at that Place, or for Alexander Chriſtie Writer in Edinburgh at Mr Hary Guild's Writing Chamber on the North ſide of the Street, a little above the Court of Guard, who will Treat with them to that End. *N. B.* The Tennent of the Mains is obliged to labour the Park, &c. and is bound to ſeveral other Services.

A Plate of Twenty five Guineas Value, to be run for at Lochmaben *in* Annandale, *on the Thirtieth Day of* May *Inſtant; by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, carrying Eight Stone* Scots *Weight, Saddle and Bridle included.*

The Articles.

THAT the Horſes that run for this Plate ſhall run three Heats, once round the Courſe every Heat, and that half an Hour is allowed for rubbing between the Heats.

That all the Riders after every Heat, do come directly to the Weighing Poſt and there Diſmount, take off his own Saddle and Bridle, carry it with him to the Scales, and there to be weighed; half a Pound being allowed to each Rider for Waſte.

That if any one Horſe wins two Heats, if challenged to run, ſaves his Diſtance the third, he wins the Plate.

That if three Horſes win every one a Heat, they muſt run a fourth Heat.

That no Croſſing or Joſtling is allowed. That the winning Horſe or Mare, if he be fourteen Hands High or above, is to be ſold for Fifty Pound Sterling the Plate included, if required, and if more than one bid, he is to be Raffled for.

The Horſes that are to run for this Plate, muſt be in *Lochmaben* on *Tueſday* the 22d by Noon.

The Horſes to ſtart between Twelve and Two in the Afternoon.

That all Differences that ſhall ariſe, to be determined by the Provoſt, or one whom he ſhall appoint.

The next Day being the Thirty firſt Inſtant, will be run for a Pair of Silver Spurs of Three Guineas Value; by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, belonging to Gentlemen or others of the Stewartrie of *Annandale*; every other way ſubjected to the foregoing Articles, but that the winning Horſe muſt be ſold for Twelve Guineas.